

HB 2614 STAFF MEASURE SUMMARY

Carrier: Rep. Barker

House Committee On Judiciary

Action Date: 03/13/19

Action: Do Pass.

Vote: 10-1-0-0

Yeas: 10 - Barker, Bynum, Gorsek, Greenlick, Lewis, McLane, Piluso, Power, Stark, Williamson

Nays: 1 - Sprenger

Fiscal: Fiscal impact issued

Revenue: Revenue impact issued

Prepared By: Michael Lantz, Counsel

Meeting Dates: 2/21, 2/25, 3/13

WHAT THE MEASURE DOES:

Removes authority of courts to impose driving privilege suspensions for failure to pay traffic-related fines or comply with requirements ordered in lieu of fines. Takes effect 91 days after adjournment sine die.

ISSUES DISCUSSED:

- Impacts of license suspensions
- Definition of failure to comply
- Availability of hardship permits
- Data on traffic stops

EFFECT OF AMENDMENT:

No amendment.

BACKGROUND:

Under ORS 809.210, a court can order the suspension of an individual's driving privileges if that individual fails to pay court fines related to a driving offense or fails to meet a requirement ordered in lieu of a fine. The suspension will stay in place for 20 years unless the individual presents a reinstatement notice from the court to DMV showing that the individual: has paid the fine in full; is making payments following a court-approved payment plan; is enrolled in a preapprentice program; or is a registered apprentice. As of January 1, 2019, individuals who have had their driving privileges suspended for failure to pay traffic-related fines are eligible to apply for a hardship permit, along with those who have had their driving privileges suspended for failing to appear at a court proceeding. These permits allow suspended individuals to drive for certain specific purposes, such as for work or medical treatment.

HB 2614 removes the authority of courts to impose driving privilege suspensions based on an individual's failure to pay traffic-related court fines or meet requirements ordered in lieu of fines.