

## SENATE AMENDMENTS TO SENATE BILL 828

By COMMITTEE ON WORKFORCE

April 20

1 On page 1 of the printed bill, line 2, delete “and amending ORS 659A.885” and insert “amending  
2 ORS 659A.885 and sections 1 and 2, chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015; and declaring an emergency”.

3 Delete lines 4 through 22 and delete pages 2 through 14 and insert:

4 **“SECTION 1. Sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act are added to and made a part of ORS  
5 chapter 653.**

6 **“SECTION 2. Definitions. As used in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act, unless the context  
7 requires otherwise:**

8 **“(1) ‘Aggrieved party’ means an employee who suffers tangible or intangible harm due  
9 to an employer’s violation of sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.**

10 **“(2) ‘Bona fide business reason’ means:**

11 **“(a) An action that would cause an employer to violate a law, rule, ordinance or regu-  
12 lation;**

13 **“(b) A significant and identifiable burden of additional costs to an employer; or**

14 **“(c) A significant and identifiable detrimental effect on the employer’s ability to meet  
15 organizational demands, including:**

16 **“(A) A significant inability of the employer, despite the employer’s best efforts, to reor-  
17 ganize work among existing employees;**

18 **“(B) A significant detrimental effect on business performance;**

19 **“(C) A significant inability to meet customer needs or demands; or**

20 **“(D) A significant insufficiency of work during the periods an employee proposes to work.**

21 **“(3)(a) ‘Employee’ has the meaning given that term in ORS 652.310.**

22 **“(b) ‘Employee’ does not include a salaried employee described under ORS 653.020 (3).**

23 **“(4) ‘Employer’ means an employer described in section 3 (1) of this 2017 Act.**

24 **“(5) ‘Food services establishment’ means the fixed point of sale location for establish-  
25 ments defined under the North American Industry Classification System as food services and  
26 drinking places.**

27 **“(6) ‘Franchise’ has the meaning provided in ORS 650.005.**

28 **“(7) ‘Franchisor’ has the meaning provided in ORS 650.005.**

29 **“(8) ‘Full service restaurant’ means a food service establishment that regularly provides  
30 table service to customers.**

31 **“(9) ‘Hospitality establishment’ has the meaning provided in the North American Indus-  
32 try Classification System for hotels and motels.**

33 **“(10) ‘Interactive process’ means a timely, good faith process that includes a discussion  
34 between the employer and the employee for the purpose of arriving at a mutually beneficial  
35 arrangement for a work schedule that meets the needs of the employee and the employer.**

1 The discussion may include the proposal of alternatives by the employee and the employer.

2 “(11) ‘On-call shift’ means any time that an employer requires an employee to be avail-  
3 able to work or to contact the employer or wait to be contacted by the employer for the  
4 purpose of determining whether the employee must report to work. During the shift, on-call  
5 status applies regardless of whether the employee is located on or off the employer’s prem-  
6 ises.

7 “(12) ‘Regular rate of pay’ means a regular hourly rate as defined by the Commissioner  
8 of the Bureau of Labor and Industries.

9 “(13) ‘Retail establishment’ has the meaning provided in the North American Industry  
10 Classification System for retail trade.

11 “(14) ‘Successor’ means an entity that is substantially the same entity as the predecessor  
12 as determined by the following criteria, except that a determination of whether or not a  
13 successor in interest exists is not determined by the application of any single criterion, but  
14 rather the entire circumstances are to be viewed in their totality:

15 “(a) Substantial continuity of the same business operations;

16 “(b) Use of the same plant;

17 “(c) Continuity of the work force;

18 “(d) Similarity of jobs and working conditions;

19 “(e) Similarity of supervisory personnel;

20 “(f) Similarity in machinery, equipment and production methods;

21 “(g) Similarity of products or services; and

22 “(h) The ability of the predecessor to provide relief.

23 “(15) ‘Time of hire’ means the period after an offer of employment and acceptance of the  
24 offer of employment and on or before the commencement of employment.

25 “(16) ‘Wages’ means all compensation for performance of service by an employee for an  
26 employer, whether paid by the employer or another person, including the cash value of all  
27 compensation paid in a medium other than cash.

28 “(17) ‘Work schedule’ means the hours, days and times, including regular work shifts and  
29 on-call shifts, when an employee is required by an employer to perform duties of employment  
30 for which the employee will receive compensation.

31 “(18) ‘Work shift’ means the specific and consecutive hours the employer requires the  
32 employee to work.

33 “(19) ‘Work week’ means a fixed period of time established by an employer that reflects  
34 a regularly recurring period of 168 hours or seven consecutive 24-hour periods. A work week  
35 may begin on any day of the week and any hour of the day and need not coincide with a  
36 calendar week.

37 “(20) ‘Writing’ means a printed or printable communication in physical or electronic  
38 format including a communication that is transmitted through electronic mail, text message  
39 or a computer system or is otherwise sent and stored electronically.

40 “(21) ‘Year’ means any fixed, consecutive 12-month period of time.

41 “SECTION 3. Large employers in certain employment sectors. (1) Sections 2 to 13 of this  
42 2017 Act apply to an employee employed by an employer, as defined in ORS 652.310, or a  
43 successor to an employer, that is also one or more of the following:

44 “(a) A retail establishment that employs 100 or more employees in this state, including  
45 but not limited to a chain, an integrated enterprise or a franchise associated with a

1 franchisor or network of franchises that employs more than 100 employees in this state.

2 “(b) A hospitality establishment that employs 100 or more employees in this state, in-  
3 cluding but not limited to a chain, an integrated enterprise or a franchise associated with a  
4 franchisor or network of franchises that employs more than 100 employees in this state.

5 “(c) A food services establishment that employs 100 or more employees in this state, in-  
6 cluding but not limited to a chain, an integrated enterprise or a franchise associated with a  
7 franchisor or network of franchises that employs more than 100 employees in this state. In  
8 addition to employing 100 or more employees in this state, a food service establishment that  
9 is a full service restaurant also must have 40 or more full service restaurant locations na-  
10 tionwide, including but not limited to locations that are a part of a chain, integrated enter-  
11 prise or franchise where the franchisor owns or operates 40 or more such establishments in  
12 aggregate.

13 “(2) To determine the number of employees employed by an employer, the calculation  
14 shall be based upon the number of employees employed on each working day during each of  
15 20 or more work weeks in the current calendar year or immediately preceding calendar year.

16 “(3) Separate entities that form an integrated enterprise are considered a single employer  
17 under this section. Separate entities will be considered an integrated enterprise and a single  
18 employer under this section where a separate entity controls the operation of another entity.  
19 The factors to consider in determining whether separate entities form an integrated enter-  
20 prise include, but are not limited to:

21 “(a) The degree of interrelation between the operations of multiple entities;

22 “(b) The degree to which the entities share common management;

23 “(c) The degree to which the entities have centralized control of labor relations; and

24 “(d) The degree of common ownership or financial control over the entities.

25 “(4) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries shall adopt rules in ac-  
26 cordance with the provisions of subsection (3) of this section regarding how to determine  
27 when separate entities form an integrated enterprise for the purposes of this section.

28 “(5) Sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act do not apply to an employee of a public employer,  
29 as defined in ORS 243.650, including Oregon Health and Science University.

30 “SECTION 4. Good faith estimate of work schedule. (1) An employer shall provide a new  
31 employee with a written good faith estimate of the employee’s work schedule at the time of  
32 hire. The good faith estimate shall:

33 “(a) State the average number of hours the employee can expect to work each work  
34 week; and

35 “(b) Indicate whether the employee can expect to work on-call shifts and, if so, set forth  
36 an objective standard for when an employee may be expected to be available to work on-call  
37 shifts.

38 “(2) The employer shall revise the good faith estimate for an employee:

39 “(a) Once every year calculated from the date of the last good faith estimate; and

40 “(b) When there is a significant change to the employee’s work schedule due to changes  
41 in the employee’s availability or to the employer’s business needs.

42 “(3) The employer shall initiate an interactive process with the employee to discuss any  
43 significant change from the good faith estimate and, if applicable, state a bona fide business  
44 reason for the change.

45 “(4) The employer shall include the good faith estimate in English and in the employee’s

1 primary language.

2 **“SECTION 5. Advance notice of work schedule.** (1) An employer shall provide an em-  
3 ployee with a work schedule in writing at least 14 calendar days before the first day of the  
4 work schedule.

5 **“(2) The employer shall post the written work schedule in a conspicuous and accessible**  
6 **location, in English and in the predominant language of the employees at the particular**  
7 **workplace.**

8 **“(3) The employer shall provide a new employee at time of hire, or an existing employee**  
9 **upon returning to work after a leave of absence, with a written work schedule that runs**  
10 **through the last date of the posted work schedule in effect at time of hire or date of return**  
11 **to work.**

12 **“(4) The written work schedule shall include all work shifts and on-call shifts for the**  
13 **work period.**

14 **“(5) If the employer requests changes to the written work schedule after the advance**  
15 **notice required in this section:**

16 **“(a) The employer shall provide the employee with timely notice of the change by in-**  
17 **person conversation, telephone call, electronic mail, text message or other accessible elec-**  
18 **tronic or written format; and**

19 **“(b) The employee may decline any work shifts or on-call shifts not included in the**  
20 **employee’s written work schedule.**

21 **“SECTION 6. Right to rest between work shifts.** (1) Unless the employee requests or  
22 consents to work such hours, the employer may not schedule or require the employee to  
23 work:

24 **“(a) Less than 10 hours after the end of the previous calendar day’s work shift or on-call**  
25 **shift; or**

26 **“(b) Less than 10 hours following the end of a work shift or on-call shift that spanned**  
27 **two calendar days.**

28 **“(2) The employer shall compensate an employee who works hours described under sub-**  
29 **section (1) of this section at one and one-half times the employee’s regular rate of pay for**  
30 **each hour in a work shift or on-call shift that began less than 10 hours after the previous**  
31 **work shift or on-call shift ended.**

32 **“(3) An employee compensated as described in subsection (2) of this section may not be**  
33 **additionally compensated under section 7 of this 2017 Act for work schedule changes.**

34 **“SECTION 7. Compensation for work schedule changes.** (1) An employer shall provide the  
35 following compensation to an employee for each employer-requested change that occurs to  
36 the employee’s written work schedule without the advance notice required in section 5 of this  
37 2017 Act:

38 **“(a) One hour of pay at the employee’s regular rate of pay, in addition to wages earned,**  
39 **when the employer:**

40 **“(A) Adds an hour or hours of work to the employee’s work shift; or**

41 **“(B) Changes the date or start or end time of the employee’s work shift with no loss of**  
42 **hours.**

43 **“(b) No less than one-half times the employee’s regular rate of pay per hour for each**  
44 **scheduled hour the employee does not work when the employer:**

45 **“(A) Subtracts hours from the employee’s work shift before or after the employee re-**

1 ports for duty;

2 “(B) Changes the date or start or end time of the employee’s work shift resulting in a  
3 loss of work shift hours;

4 “(C) Cancels the employee’s work shift; or

5 “(D) Schedules the employee for an on-call shift and the employee is not asked to per-  
6 form work.

7 “(2) The requirements for additional compensation in this section do not apply when:

8 “(a) An employee mutually agrees with another employee to employee-initiated work shift  
9 swaps or coverage. The employer may require that work shift swaps or coverage under this  
10 paragraph be preapproved by the employer. The employer may assist employees in finding  
11 such arrangements provided that any employer assistance must be limited to helping an  
12 employee identify other employees who may be available to provide work shift swaps or  
13 coverage and may not include the employer arranging the work shift swap or coverage.

14 “(b) An employer requests an employee to work additional hours as the result of another  
15 employee’s failure to notify the employer of the other employee’s unavailability to work a  
16 work shift or on-call shift within the advance notice period required in section 5 of this 2017  
17 Act.

18 “(c) An employer requests an employee to work additional hours in order to address  
19 present and unanticipated customer needs and:

20 “(A) The request is made through an in-person group communication;

21 “(B) The employee is working at the time the request is made;

22 “(C) The additional hours are consecutive to the employee’s current work shift; and

23 “(D) The employee consents to work the additional hours.

24 “(d) An employee requests changes to the employee’s work schedule, including adding or  
25 subtracting hours, and the employee documents the request in writing.

26 “(e) An employer subtracts hours from an employee’s work schedule for disciplinary  
27 reasons for just cause, provided the employer documents the incident leading to the  
28 employee’s discipline in writing.

29 “(f) An employee’s work shift or on-call shift cannot begin or continue due to threats to  
30 employees or property or due to the recommendation of a public official.

31 “(g) Operations cannot begin or continue because public utilities fail to supply electricity,  
32 water or gas or there is a failure in the public utilities or sewer system.

33 “(h) Operations cannot begin or continue due to natural disaster or a similar cause not  
34 within the employer’s control.

35 “SECTION 8. Pattern or practice of underscheduling. An employer may not engage in a  
36 systemic pattern or practice of significant underscheduling where the hours that employees  
37 actually work are significantly above the hours in the written work schedule required under  
38 section 5 of this 2017 Act.

39  
40 “NOTICE AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS

41  
42 “SECTION 9. Notice and posting requirements. (1) The Commissioner of the Bureau of  
43 Labor and Industries shall create and distribute a poster giving notice of the rights described  
44 in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act. The commissioner shall create and distribute the poster  
45 in English, Spanish and any other languages that are necessary for employers to comply with

1 this section.

2 “(2) An employer shall display the poster in a conspicuous and accessible place at any  
3 workplace or job site where any of their employees work. Employers shall display the poster  
4 in English and in the predominant language of the employees at the particular workplace.  
5 If display of the poster is not feasible, including situations when the employee works re-  
6 motely or does not have a regular workplace or job site, the employer may provide the poster  
7 on an individual basis in an employee’s primary language in physical or electronic format  
8 that is reasonably conspicuous and accessible.

9 “SECTION 10. Employer recordkeeping. (1) An employer shall retain records that docu-  
10 ment the employer’s compliance with sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act, including:

11 “(a) Good faith estimates of employee work schedules;

12 “(b) Original and modified work schedules, and documentation of the employer’s delivery  
13 of the same to each employee pursuant to section 5 of this 2017 Act;

14 “(c) Payroll records, including documentation of additional compensation paid to an em-  
15 ployee under section 6 or 7 of this 2017 Act;

16 “(d) Mass communications that are provided to employees about the availability of addi-  
17 tional hours;

18 “(e) Documentation of an incident leading to employee discipline that results in hours  
19 subtracted from the employee’s work schedule;

20 “(f) Confirmation from an employee that the employee is not interested in accepting ad-  
21 ditional hours of work; and

22 “(g) Other records that are substantially related to compliance with sections 2 to 13 of  
23 this 2017 Act.

24 “(2) The records listed in this section shall be retained for a period of three years.

25 “(3) An employer’s failure to retain adequate records required by this section creates a  
26 rebuttable presumption that the employer violated a provision in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017  
27 Act for the employee for whom a record was not retained.

## 28 “RETALIATION

30  
31 “SECTION 11. Retaliation prohibited. (1) It is an unlawful practice for an employer to:

32 “(a) Interfere with, restrain, deny or attempt to deny the exercise of any right protected  
33 under sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act; or

34 “(b) Retaliate or in any way discriminate against an individual with respect to hire or  
35 tenure or any other term or condition of employment because the individual has inquired  
36 about the provisions of sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

37 “(2) The protections afforded under this section apply to any person who mistakenly but  
38 in good faith and with an objectively reasonable belief asserts a right protected by sections  
39 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

## 40 “ENFORCEMENT

41  
42  
43 “SECTION 12. Enforcement, right of action and administrative remedies. (1) An employee  
44 asserting a violation of section 11 of this 2017 Act may file a complaint with the Commis-  
45 sioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries under ORS 659A.820 or a civil action as provided

1 in ORS 659A.885.

2 “(2) The commissioner has the same enforcement powers with respect to the rights es-  
3 tablished under sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act as are established in ORS chapters 652 and  
4 653.

5 “(3) In addition to any other damages provided by law, the commissioner may assess a  
6 statutory penalty payable to the aggrieved party, as follows:

7 “(a) \$500 for the first violation of a provision in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

8 “(b) \$1,000 for any subsequent violation that occurs within 10 years of the first violation  
9 of the provision in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act.

10 “(4) If the commissioner determines that the employer paid the full remedy due to an  
11 aggrieved party, not including any statutory penalty, within 14 days of service of an order,  
12 the commissioner shall waive 50 percent of the amount of any statutory penalty imposed by  
13 order under this section.

14  
15 “LIMITS TO LEGISLATIVE INTENT

16  
17 “SECTION 13. Nothing in sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act or the amendments to ORS  
18 659A.885 by section 14 of this 2017 Act is intended to:

19 “(1) Limit employee rights or protections otherwise provided by law;

20 “(2) Create a contractual right for an at-will employee; or

21 “(3) Create an additional remedy for an employee if a remedy equal to or better than a  
22 remedy in section 6 or 7 of this 2017 Act is required by a collective bargaining agreement or  
23 other contract.

24  
25 “ACTION FOR RETALIATION

26  
27 “SECTION 14. ORS 659A.885, as amended by section 5, chapter 73, Oregon Laws 2016, is  
28 amended to read:

29 “659A.885. (1) Any person claiming to be aggrieved by an unlawful practice specified in sub-  
30 section (2) of this section may file a civil action in circuit court. In any action under this subsection,  
31 the court may order injunctive relief and any other equitable relief that may be appropriate, in-  
32 cluding but not limited to reinstatement or the hiring of employees with or without back pay. A  
33 court may order back pay in an action under this subsection only for the two-year period imme-  
34 diately preceding the filing of a complaint under ORS 659A.820 with the Commissioner of the Bureau  
35 of Labor and Industries, or if a complaint was not filed before the action was commenced, the two-  
36 year period immediately preceding the filing of the action. In any action under this subsection, the  
37 court may allow the prevailing party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal. Ex-  
38 cept as provided in subsection (3) of this section:

39 “(a) The judge shall determine the facts in an action under this subsection; and

40 “(b) Upon any appeal of a judgment in an action under this subsection, the appellate court shall  
41 review the judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (3).

42 “(2) An action may be brought under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS  
43 10.090, 10.092, 25.337, 25.424, 171.120, 408.230, 408.237 (2), 475B.233, 476.574, 652.355, 653.060, 653.601  
44 to 653.661, 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.063, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.088,  
45 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.150 to 659A.186, 659A.194, 659A.199, 659A.203, 659A.218, 659A.228,

1 659A.230, 659A.233, 659A.236, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.277, 659A.290, 659A.300, 659A.306,  
2 659A.309, 659A.315, 659A.318, 659A.320, 659A.355, 659A.421, 653.547 or 653.549 **or section 11 of this**  
3 **2017 Act.**

4 “(3) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 25.337, 25.424,  
5 659.852, 659A.030, 659A.040, 659A.043, 659A.046, 659A.069, 659A.082, 659A.103 to 659A.145, 659A.199,  
6 659A.203, 659A.228, 659A.230, 659A.250 to 659A.262, 659A.290, 659A.318, 659A.421, 653.547 or 653.549:

7 “(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-  
8 tion, compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater, and punitive damages;

9 “(b) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

10 “(c) Upon appeal of any judgment finding a violation, the appellate court shall review the judg-  
11 ment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1); and

12 “(d) Any attorney fee agreement shall be subject to approval by the court.

13 “(4) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 652.355 or  
14 653.060, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,  
15 compensatory damages or \$200, whichever is greater.

16 “(5) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 171.120,  
17 476.574 or 659A.218, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1)  
18 of this section, compensatory damages or \$250, whichever is greater.

19 “(6) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 10.090 or  
20 10.092, the court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this section,  
21 a civil penalty in the amount of \$720.

22 “(7) Any individual against whom any distinction, discrimination or restriction on account of  
23 race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, marital status or age, if the individual  
24 is 18 years of age or older, has been made by any place of public accommodation, as defined in ORS  
25 659A.400, by any employee or person acting on behalf of the place or by any person aiding or  
26 abetting the place or person in violation of ORS 659A.406 may bring an action against the operator  
27 or manager of the place, the employee or person acting on behalf of the place or the aider or abettor  
28 of the place or person. Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section, in an action under this sub-  
29 section:

30 “(a) The court may award, in addition to the relief authorized under subsection (1) of this sec-  
31 tion, compensatory and punitive damages;

32 “(b) The operator or manager of the place of public accommodation, the employee or person  
33 acting on behalf of the place, and any aider or abettor shall be jointly and severally liable for all  
34 damages awarded in the action;

35 “(c) At the request of any party, the action shall be tried to a jury;

36 “(d) The court shall award reasonable attorney fees to a prevailing plaintiff;

37 “(e) The court may award reasonable attorney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a de-  
38 fendant who prevails only if the court determines that the plaintiff had no objectively reasonable  
39 basis for asserting a claim or no reasonable basis for appealing an adverse decision of a trial court;  
40 and

41 “(f) Upon any appeal of a judgment under this subsection, the appellate court shall review the  
42 judgment pursuant to the standard established by ORS 19.415 (1).

43 “(8) When the commissioner or the Attorney General has reasonable cause to believe that a  
44 person or group of persons is engaged in a pattern or practice of resistance to the rights protected  
45 by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, or that a group of persons has been denied



1 any of the rights protected by ORS 659A.145 or 659A.421 or federal housing law, the commissioner  
2 or the Attorney General may file a civil action on behalf of the aggrieved persons in the same  
3 manner as a person or group of persons may file a civil action under this section. In a civil action  
4 filed under this subsection, the court may assess against the respondent, in addition to the relief  
5 authorized under subsections (1) and (3) of this section, a civil penalty:

6 “(a) In an amount not exceeding \$50,000 for a first violation; and

7 “(b) In an amount not exceeding \$100,000 for any subsequent violation.

8 “(9) In any action under subsection (1) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145 or  
9 659A.421 or alleging discrimination under federal housing law, when the commissioner is pursuing  
10 the action on behalf of an aggrieved complainant, the court shall award reasonable attorney fees to  
11 the commissioner if the commissioner prevails in the action. The court may award reasonable at-  
12 torney fees and expert witness fees incurred by a defendant that prevails in the action if the court  
13 determines that the commissioner had no objectively reasonable basis for asserting the claim or for  
14 appealing an adverse decision of the trial court.

15 “(10) In an action under subsection (1) or (8) of this section alleging a violation of ORS 659A.145  
16 or 659A.421 or discrimination under federal housing law:

17 “(a) ‘Aggrieved person’ includes a person who believes that the person:

18 “(A) Has been injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice; or

19 “(B) Will be injured by an unlawful practice or discriminatory housing practice that is about to  
20 occur.

21 “(b) An aggrieved person in regard to issues to be determined in an action may intervene as of  
22 right in the action. The Attorney General may intervene in the action if the Attorney General  
23 certifies that the case is of general public importance. The court may allow an intervenor prevailing  
24 party costs and reasonable attorney fees at trial and on appeal.

25 “**SECTION 15.** Section 1, chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015, is amended to read:

26 “**Sec. 1.** (1) As used in this section:

27 “(a) ‘Enact’ includes but is not limited to adopt, amend, refer or pass with a delayed operative  
28 or effective date.

29 “(b) ‘Local government’ includes a county, city, district or other public corporation, authority  
30 or entity organized and existing under statute or city or county charter.

31 “(c) ‘Work schedule’ means the days and times during which an employee is required by an  
32 employer to perform the duties for which the employee will receive compensation. ‘Work schedule’  
33 does not include employee time off for medical reasons or sick time.

34 “(2) The State of Oregon preempts all charter and statutory authority of local governments to  
35 enact a requirement relating to work schedules before [*the date of adjournment sine die of the 2017*  
36 *regular session of the Legislative Assembly*] **July 1, 2022.**

37 “(3) Notwithstanding subsection (2) of this section, a local government may set work schedule  
38 requirements:

39 “(a) For public employers; and

40 “(b) In specifications for public contracts or subcontracts entered into by the local government.

41 “**SECTION 16.** Section 2, chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015, is amended to read:

42 “**Sec. 2.** Section 1 [*of this 2015 Act*], **chapter 591, Oregon Laws 2015**, is repealed on [*August*  
43 *31, 2017*] **July 1, 2022.**

44  
45 “**OPERATIVE DATE**

1           **SECTION 17.** (1) Sections 2 to 13 of this 2017 Act and the amendments to ORS 659A.885  
2 by section 14 of this 2017 Act become operative on July 1, 2018.

3           (2) The Commissioner of the Bureau of Labor and Industries may take any action before  
4 the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this section that is necessary to enable the  
5 commissioner to exercise, on and after the operative date specified in subsection (1) of this  
6 section, the duties, functions and powers of the commissioner pursuant to sections 3, 9 and  
7 12 of this 2017 Act.

8

9

**“CAPTIONS**

10

11           **SECTION 18.** The unit and section captions used in this 2017 Act are provided only for  
12 the convenience of the reader and do not become part of the statutory law of this state or  
13 express any legislative intent in the enactment of this 2017 Act.

14

15

**“EMERGENCY CLAUSE**

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17           **SECTION 19.** This 2017 Act being necessary for the immediate preservation of the public  
18 peace, health and safety, an emergency is declared to exist, and this 2017 Act takes effect  
19 on its passage.”.

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